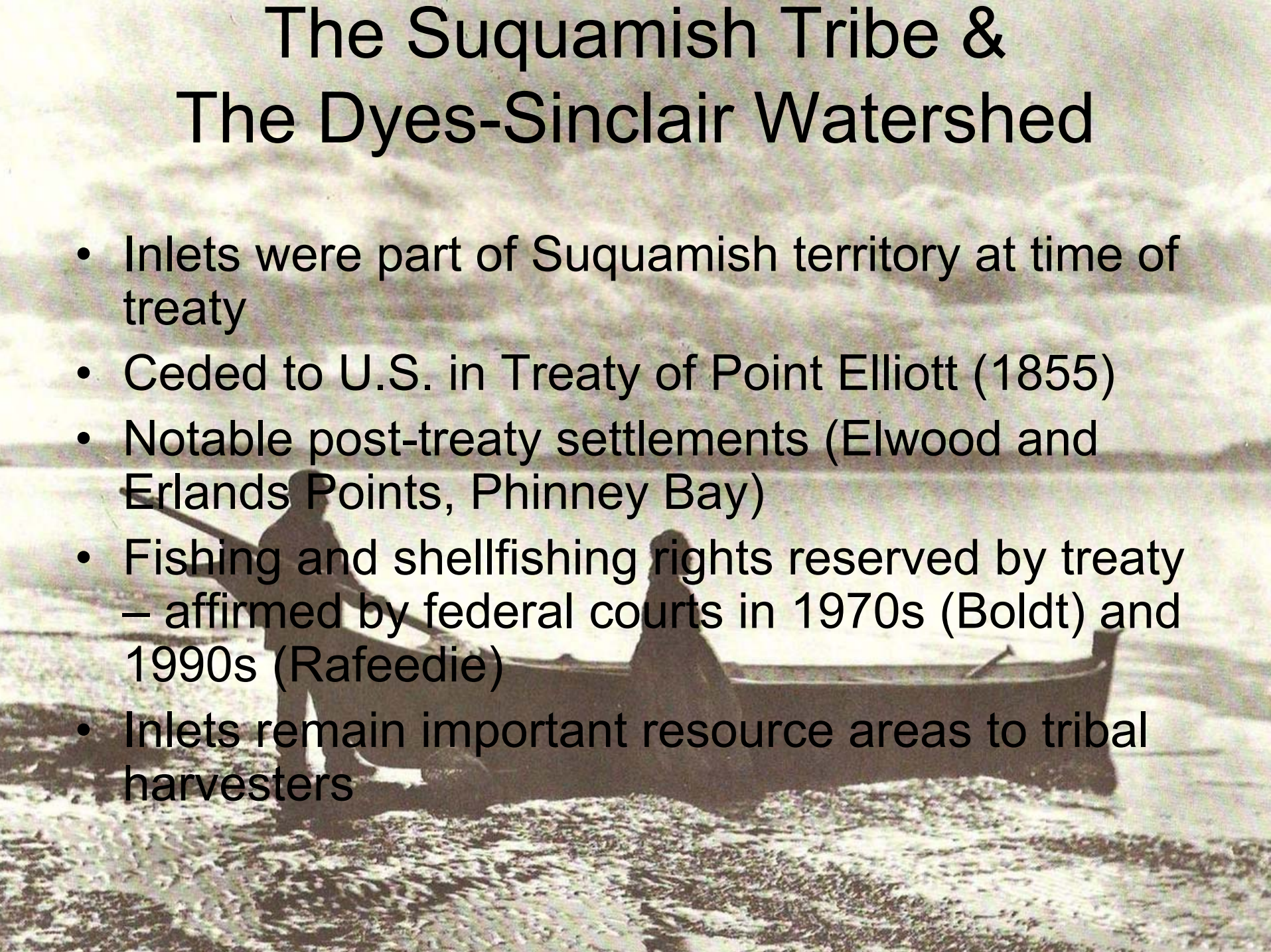


The Suquamish Tribe & The Dyes-Sinclair Watershed

- Inlets were part of Suquamish territory at time of treaty
- Ceded to U.S. in Treaty of Point Elliott (1855)
- Notable post-treaty settlements (Elwood and Erlands Points, Phinney Bay)
- Fishing and shellfishing rights reserved by treaty – affirmed by federal courts in 1970s (Boldt) and 1990s (Rafeedie)
- Inlets remain important resource areas to tribal harvesters



Tribal Goals: manage, protect and restore treaty resources

- Fisheries Management
 - Finfish and shellfish programs
 - Co-management responsibility (with state) for resource assessment and regulation of harvest
- Environmental/habitat Protection
 - Local participation in NEPA/SEPA, GMA, Clean Water Act, other regulatory processes
 - Environmental monitoring and assessment
- Restoration
 - Salmon and shellfish enhancement
 - Salmon recovery & habitat restoration
 - Superfund & NRDA

Dyes – Sinclair, Restoration Activities

- Partnerships with others on SRFB projects:
 - Gorst Creek channel restoration
 - Chico Creek projects (golf course reach, Time Oil acquisition)
 - Curley Creek estuary acquisition
- Superfund cleanup – project team member
 - PSNS
 - Jackson Park



Gorst Creek Restoration (2001)



Gorst Creek Restoration (2001)



Chico Restoration Master

THE CHICO CREEK WATERSHED

Restoring
the Linkages

What is Possible—

What is Gained—

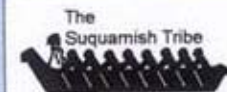
- Comprehensive plan for the lower mainstem
- Contributed to successful SRFB proposals in the latest “rounds”



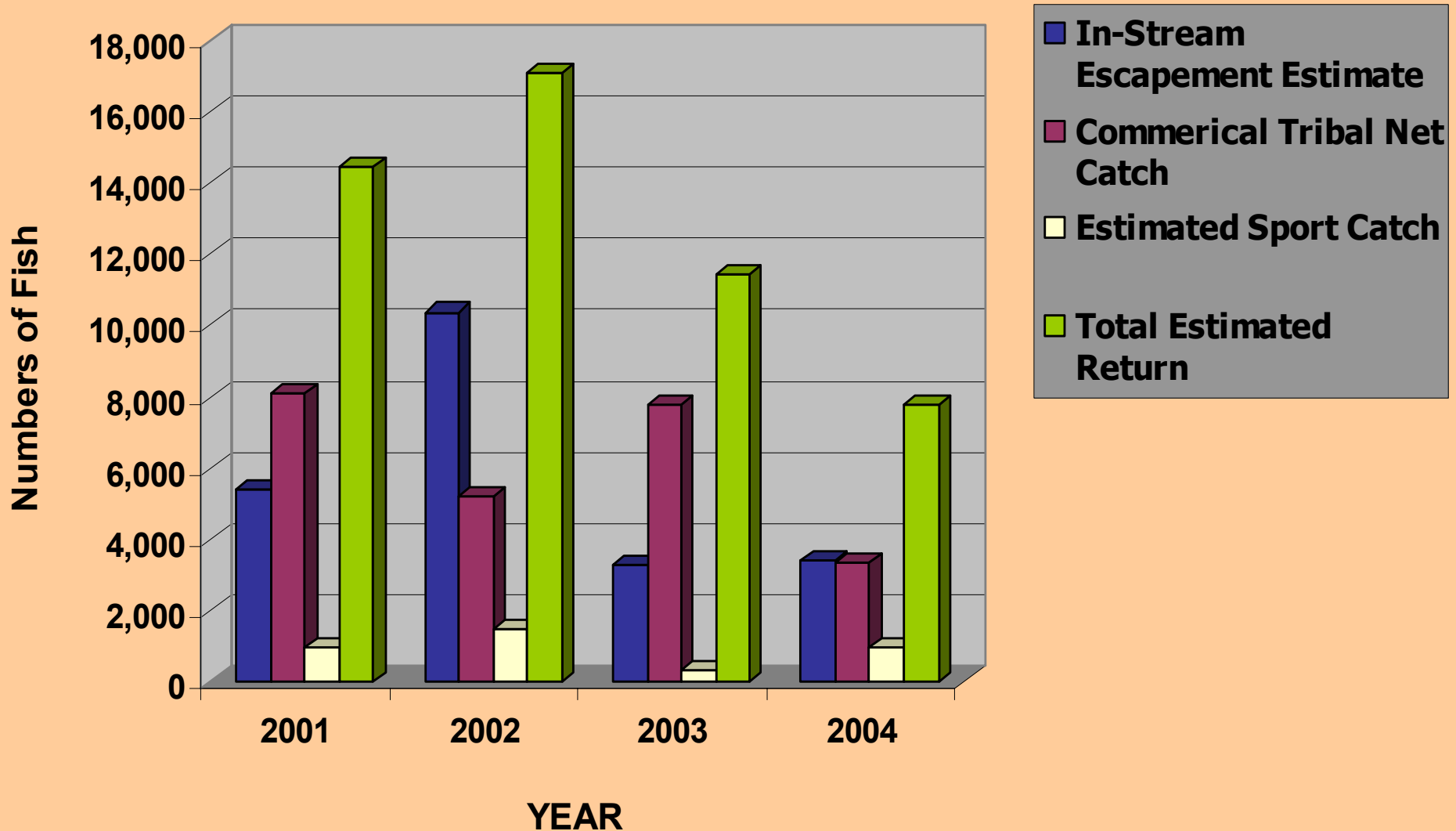
Clear Creek
rearing pond
~50K/yr

Enhancement (Chinook) in Dyes - Sinclair

Gorst Creek
rearing ponds
~2 million/yr



Total Estimated Chinook Return to Sinclair Inlet



Shellfish Harvest

Dyes Inlet

Conditionally Approved

Harvest Area

- Rafeedie decision in 1995
- Tribe began water quality studies with Washington Department of Health in 1999
- Bremerton CSO improvements
- Cooperative studies with Navy, City, County, and State
- Area of northern Dyes certified in 2003 as “conditional”

Surveyed in 2000

Surveyed in 2002

To be surveyed, 2006

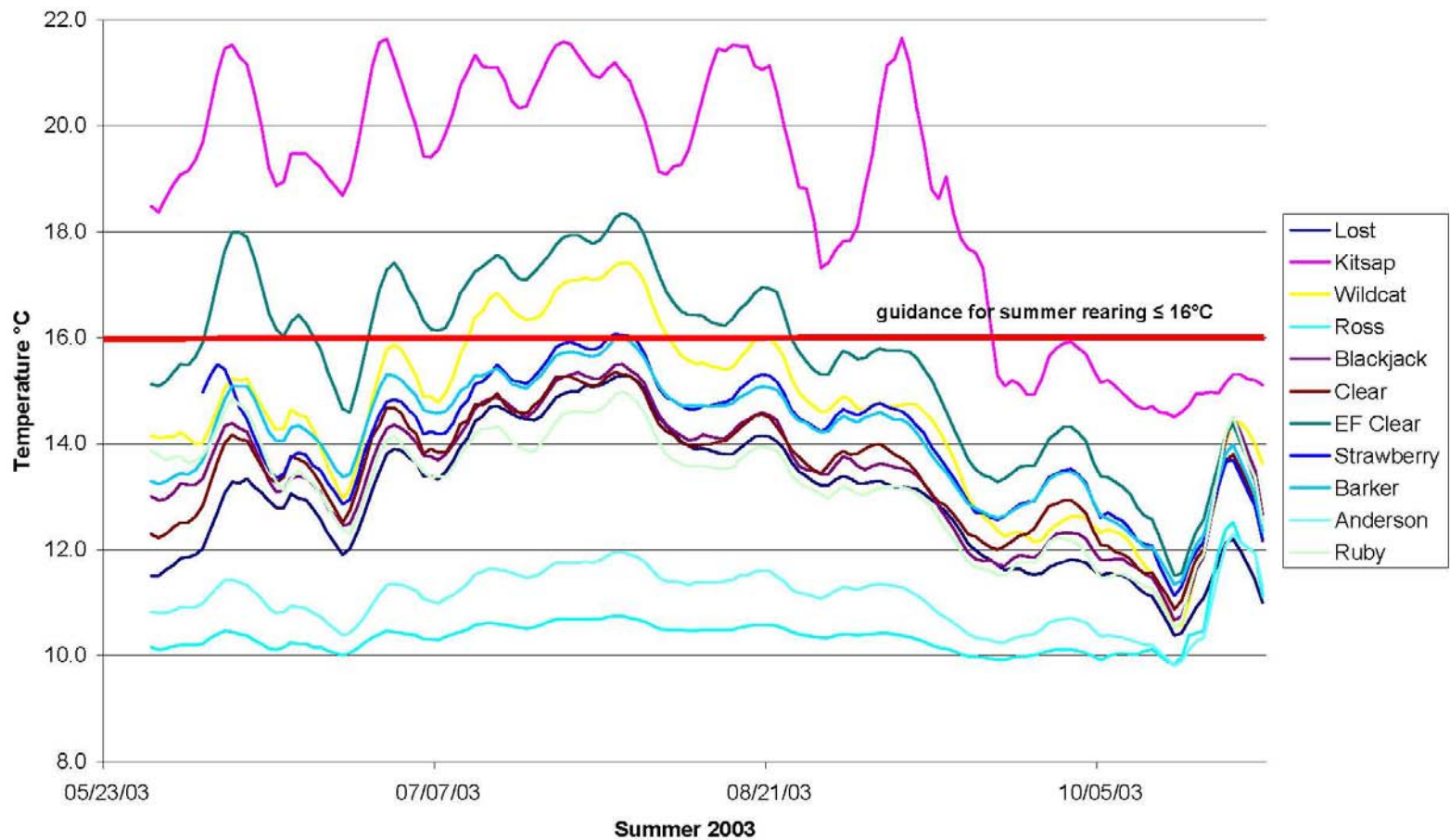
Manila Clams
Dyes Inlet Surveys and Harvest 2004-06

	2004	2005	2006	Total
Pounds harvested	111,383	106,525	10,100	228,008
Number of leases	0	5	1	6
Total paid to lessors	0	\$8000	\$3,200	\$11,200
Number of properties surveyed	38	83	63	184



Monitoring

Dyes - Sinclair Watershed
7 day average of daily maximum temperatures



B.I. Beach Seining

- Document timing and location of juvenile salmon use in the nearshore
- Contribute to understanding of feeding habits of juvenile salmon
- Document fish assemblage



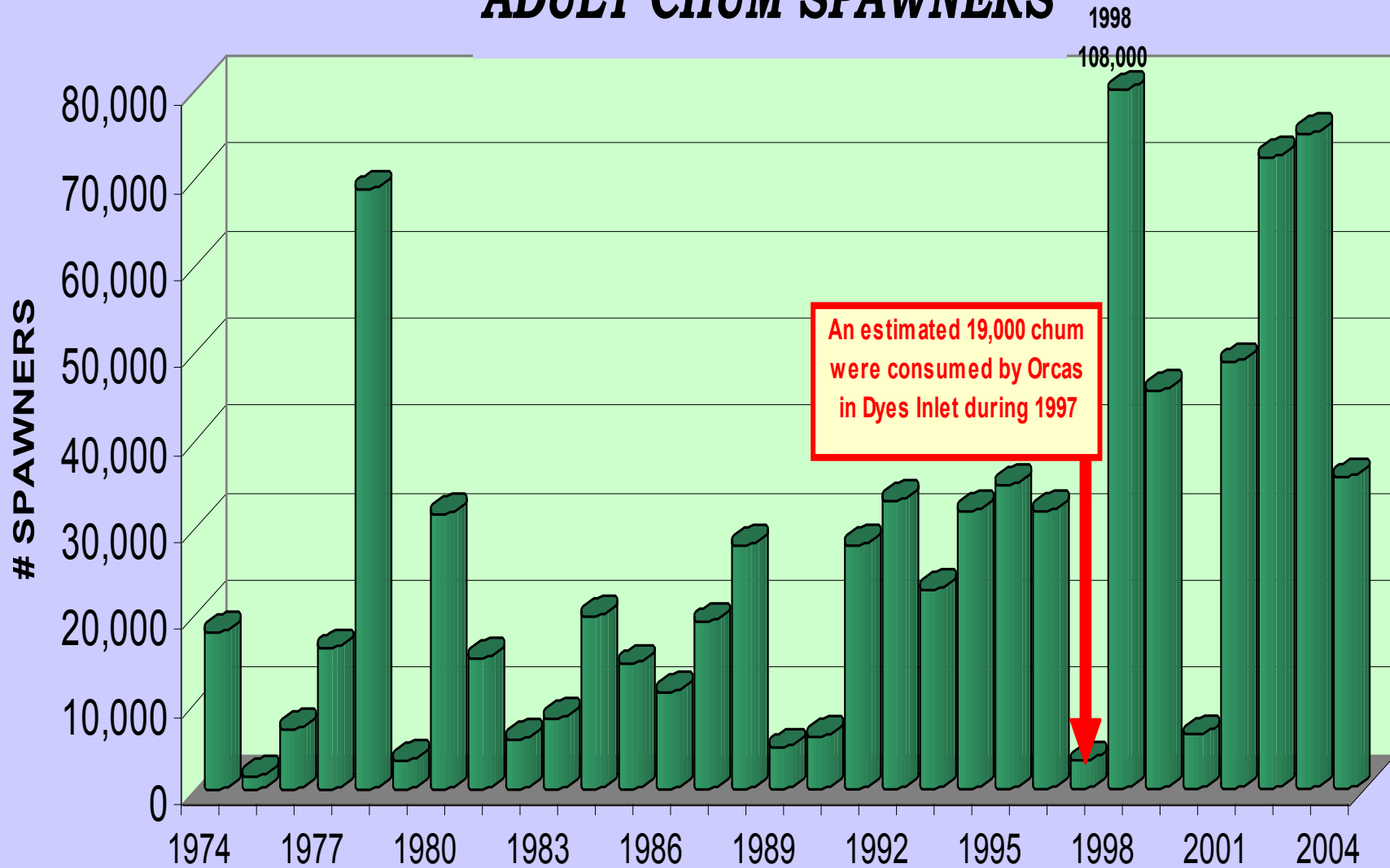


Spawner Surveys

- Estimate spawner escapement and run size
- Marked vs. unmarked
- Assess straying patterns from coded wire tag recovery

CHICO CREEK

ADULT CHUM SPAWNERS



Questions?



Members of the Sigo family and others circa 1895 at Elwood Point